



SEA's Initiative Towards Sustainability

Haresh Vyas, Convener

World Sustainable Castor Standard

at

Global Castor Conference 2024, Ahmedabad

23rd February 2024



The Solvent Extractors' Association of India (SEA)



The Premier Association of Vegetable Oil & Trade of India

Formed in 1963 to foster the development & growth of the Solvent Extraction (Crushers) & Vegetable Oil Industry in				
India				
Largest and Premier Association in the Vegetable Oil Sector in India – over 700 members across the country includes				
Oilseed Crushers, Refiners, Importers, Exporters and Service Providers				
All Major Crushers of Castor-seed and Exporters of Castor Oil and derivatives from India are members of the				
Association.				
First Association in Vegetable Oil & Oilseed sector to receive ISO 9001 Certification in India (2004), now upgrade to ISO				
9001 : 2015.				
SEA has signed a MoU with NOPA (U.S.A.), COPA (Canada), USSEC (U.S.A.) and PORAM (Malaysia), Solidaridad, ITC				
(Geneva), UOSPA (Uganda), TAPUSA (Tanzania), MPOC & MPOB (Malaysia), Indonesian Palm Oil Board (IPOB,				
Indonesia) and CIARA (Argentina) for mutual co-operation.				
SEA is the part of International Association of Ricebran Oil, International Sunflower Oil Association and Asian Palm Oil				
Alliance				
Recognised by Ministry of Agriculture and TPO by Ministry of Commerce, Government of India				
ITC, Geneva (United Nation) has recognized SEA as the Best & Successful Model Association				



SEA's Global Presence in Vegetable Oils Sector

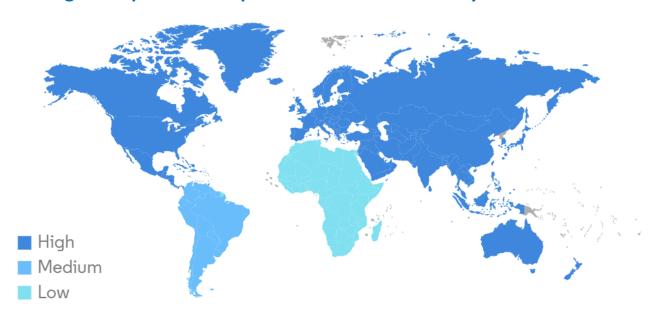


SEA has a global presence in the vegetable oil sector through regional as well as cross-country cooperations, enabling trade policies and promotion of sustainability









Source: Mordor Intelligence



SEA'S Efforts & Initiatives towards Sustainability In Vegetable Oil Supply Chains



THREE PRONGED FOCUS



SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROGRESS



BALANCE WITH NATURE



INCLUSIVITY



IPOS – Indian Palm Oil S





INDIAN PALM OIL SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK WHICH IS BY AND FOR THE SOLVENT INDUSTRY OF INDIA

FIRST IPOS AUDIT CERTIFICATE AWARDED TO GODREJ AGROVET LTD. IN 2019





SEA – IPOS Council



The SEA – IPOS Council is managed by SEA. The council has following functions

- ☐ Provides India's Own Sustainability Benchmark to the Indian Industry for Sustainable Procurement/Uptake
- □ Support in Promoting Sustainable Palm Oil Consumption in India and collaboration with Malaysian & Indonesian Agencies
- □ Coordinates With other National Sustainability Standards to Discuss about Sustainable Palm Oil Production and Trade in Asia
- □ Facilitate alignment between the Asian sustainability standards (IPOS MSPO/ISPO) on sustainable palm oil production and trade in Asia & cross-country cooperation for sustainable palm oil









Supporting Malaysian Government's Agenda towards Sustainable Palm Oil



- Together with Solidaridad and MPOB accelerating the process of MPSO towards more sustainable and inclusive palm oil sector
- Facilitating implementation of Sustainable Palm Oil (MSPO) practices by Independent
 Smallholders









India- Indonesia Joint Working Committee for Sustainable Palm Oil Production & Trade







India Recognizes MSPO & ISPO





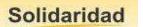


INDIA IS THE FIRST COUNTRY IN THE WORLD TO RECOGNISE MSPO & ISPO as EQUIVALENT TO ITS NATIONAL PALM OIL SUSTAINABILITY STANDARD





ASIAN PALM OIL ALLIANCE



















- ☐ The Apex Vegetable Oil Associations from 5 South Asian Countries Form Asian Palm Oil Alliance (APOA)
- ☐ An Alliance of apex vegetable oil associations from India, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Nepal. Solidaridad would be the Sustainability Partner
- ☐ The headquarters of APOA is to be in Mumbai (India) at the premises of the Solvent Extractors Association of India.









SEA along with Ricebran Oil producing countries viz. Japan, China, Thailand and Vietnam formed an International Association of Ricebran Oil (IARBO) to promote virtue of Ricebran Oil World over.







SEA's Association with National and International Bodies/Associations



- Canadian Oil Processors Association (COPA), Canada.
- National Oilseeds Processors' Association (NOPA), USA.
- U.S. Soybean Export Council (USSEC).
- The Palm Oil Refiners Association of Malaysia (PORAM), Malaysia.
- The International Trade Centre (ITC), Geneva, Switzerland.
- Solidaridad Network Asia Limited (SNAL), Hong Kong.
- The Uganda Oil Seed Producers and Processors Association (UOSPA), Uganda.
- The Tanzania Sunflower Processors Association (TASUPA), Tanzania.
- The Chamber of Vegetable Oil Processors of Argentina (CIARA), Argentina
- Malaysian Palm Oil Council (MPOC), Malaysia
- Malaysian Palm Oil Board (MPOB), Malaysia
- The Brazilian Association of Vegetable Oil Industries (ABIOVE)
- Confederation of Indian Industry (CII), New Delhi.
- Federation of Indian Export Organisation (FIEO). New Delhi.
- The Associated Chambers of Commerce and Industry of India (ASSOCHAM), New Delhi.
- Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce & Industry (FICCI), New Delhi.
- IMC Chambers of Commerce & Industry, Mumbai.
- The Central Organisation for Oil Industry & Trade (COOIT), New Delhi.
- Oil Technologists' Association of India (OTAI), Kanpur / Mumbai.
- Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce Industry & Agriculture (MACCIA), Mumbai.





SEA'S Efforts towards Sustainability in Castor Production & Trade

World Sustainable Castor Standards by World Castor Sustainability Forum

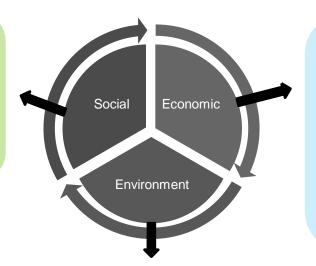


Sustainability in Castor Production



Community Well-being

- Promotion of gender-equity and women in agriculture
- · Workers welfare and safety
- Enabling environment for fair wages
- No child labor



Economic self-sufficiency and livelihoods of smallholder producers

- Improved productivity and reduction in cost of cultivation
- Initiating Eri silk warm project on castor leaves
- Training and capacity building of farmers on sustainable and modern farm practices
- Integrated Pest Management (IPM), Integrated Nutrient Management (INM) and Safe Use of Crop Protection Products
- Post Harvest Management Practices

Promotion of Sustainable and Eco-friendly agricultural practices through the concept of SWAS (BREATHE)

S – SOIL

W - WATER

A – AIR

S - SUN

- Promotion of low-chemical uses and climate smart agricultural practices
 - Efficient use of water resources and maintaining soil fertility
 - Adoption of good waste management practices
 - Bio-Diversity and Energy Management
 - Waste & Pollution Management
 - Ecological Balance and Tracing the Carbon footprint.



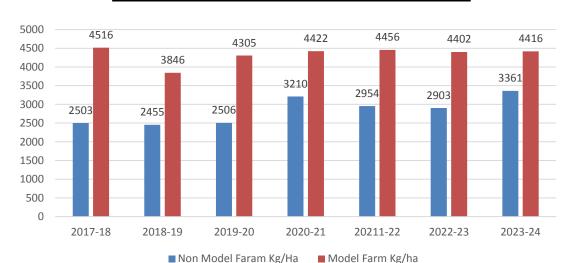
SEA Sustainable Castor Model Farms



8 years of SEA Castor Model Farms

50 % higher productivity in Model Farms as a result of adoption of improved practices and technologies

Castor Yield Non Model Farms v/s Model Farms



Record yield of 7000 kg per hectare achieved by the Model Farm Farmers; The average yield of castor in Gujarat is around 1500- 2000 kg per hectare

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
No of Model Farms	68	140	258	405	362	500	574	550

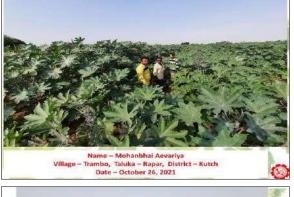


SEA Sustainable Castor Model Farms

















Key Impact of SEA Castor Model Farms



1

Around 50,000
farmers benefitted
with increased
income &
Improved
standards of living

2

Women
Empowerment
through Enhanced
Knowledge about
Castor production
technologies

3

Securing
Water
For Future









World Castor Sustainability Forum - WCSF











- Compilation and documentation of applicable local and national
- Development of Farm Management System
- Good governance, continuous improvement and transparency

Assessment of

Environmental

management

Pollution and waste

Biodiversity and reducing carbon

Impact

footprint

No child labour, forced labour and bonded labour

- Health and safety, good working conditions & capacity building
 - Promotion of gender equity and equal treatment

Principles of WCSF

Standards

- Soil and water management
- Implementation of Best management practices
- Implementation of integrated management practices to avert adverse impact on environment and human health

Environmental Responsibility



Good Agricultural Practices





World Castor Sustainability Forum - WCSF



Standard Structure (Production)

4 Principles

are the major topics covering the broad aspect of the standard

23 Criteria

are the heart of the standard representing the desired objective for each topic.

59 Indicators

Indicators are the distinct activities a farmer or farm should implement under the supervision of the Internal Control system (ICS) to achieve a given criterion.



Stakeholder's Consultations for the Development of WCSF Code



Series of Consultations Organized to Ensure Integration of Different Sustainability Aspects



- □ All leading stakeholders consisting of Castor-seed crushers, exporters of castor oil and derivatives, Foreign buyers, farmers, agri experts, certifying agency officials, castor model farms coordinators and others under Umbrella of SEA joined together to develop the standard.
- □ All agreed to promote World Sustainability Castor standard (WCSF) for castor oil and its derivatives under WCSF.



The Sustainability Standard for Castor Crop Management Certification and Supply Chain Certification





Certification Standard



Guidelines for Audit



Issuance of WCFS Logo Usage License



Accreditation requirements and notification of certification bodies



Supply Traceability



Application by potential clients for certification audits



World Sustainable Castor Standard

Two Types of Certifications



1. Production – Individual certification & Group certification

2. Chain of Custody – Supply Chain

Production Certification: This is a process that sets the standard for sustainable management of castor production, smallholdings and castor oil processing facilities. The certification process is run by an accredited third party certification body to assess and verify that the castor production management in compliance with the standards' requirements as prescribed in the ISCS standards. **Internal Control System (ICS)** is formed to regulate the functioning and to maintain the internal quality of the group.

Chain of Custody – Supply Chain Certification: The WCFS Chain of Custody (CoC) module can be applied across the entire supply chain. It traces the path of castor products from farm through the supply chain, verifying the WCFS-certified material is identified or kept separated from non-certified material throughout the chain.

Production Certification





World Sustainable Castor Standard



Types of Certifications in Production Standard:

1) Individual Certification

The individual certification will be applicable for an individual only who aspire to achieve the certification against the WCFS standard. The individual shall be audited by a third-party, licensed certification body.

An individual will have to meet all the requirements defined as per WCFS standard.

The individual certification aspirant will be responsible for the followings:

- All standard requirements are met by Individual farmer.
- Farmers maintains all required documentation.
- Individual farmer is certified

2) Group Certification

The group certification will be applicable for any group of individuals/organizations/ ICS who aspire to achieve the certification against the WCFS standard. The any group of individuals/organizations/ ICS shall be audited by a third-party, licensed certification body.

The group of individuals/organizations/ ICS will have to meet all the requirements defined as per WCFS standard. The group certification aspirant will be responsible for the followings,

- All the farmers or sample of farms are managed by an ICS
- Certificate is issued in the name of ICS
- Individual farmers are not certified

The requirements are met at individual and ICS level



World Sustainable Castor Standard



Chain of Custody – Supply Chain Certification

Chain of Custody Module



Mass Balance

- MB module allows mixing of certified and non-certified products at any stage.
- The quantity of product processed is controlled. The input and output quantities shall be monitored at the site.
- Certified products delivered to the end user will be traceable to a list of WCSF certified mills.
- There are no requirement of separate storage, transportation or controls in the production process.
- MB accounting summary shall be maintained.



Segregation

- Segregation module does not allow mixing of certified and non-certified products at any stage of supply chain.
- The quantity of product processed is controlled. The input and output quantities should be monitored at the site.
- Certified products delivered to the end user will be traceable to a list of WCSF certified mills.
- The certified and non-certified product shall be kept separate at every stage of production, processing, storage, transportation.
- WCSF material accounting records shall be maintained.



Sustainable Credits

- 1 Sustainable credit is issued for 1 tonne of WCSF certified castor. (1 tonne castor = 1 credit)
- On product claim is not allowed.
- ICS shall maintain yield estimation data and actual harvested quantity.
- Certified mill shall maintain purchase record of credits.



WCSF – Certification Bodies



☐ All Certification Bodies that are internationally competent to carry out certification must first be approved by the WCSF

☐ This is necessary to ensure that certification bodies that conduct audits under the WCFS Certification are competent to carry out credible and consistent audits

☐ The certificates will be issued by CB after approval from WCSF



Roles and Responsibilities of SEA & WCSF



SEA

- Oversee all the activities such as finalize the formation of standards and monitoring and approval of certificates of the WCSF program.
- Enrolling Members for WCSF program.

WCSF

- Decide and approve the certification agency and audit agency.
- Have full time staff to coordinate with various national and international members.
- Analyze and buildout the principle and criteria for the sustainable production and use of castor.
- Take forward the demo projects developed to facilitate implementation and improvement of sustainable practices.
- Provide solutions to empirical problems to the application and verification of sustainable practices for castor and management, procurement, trade and logistics and traceability.



Governance of SEA's WCSF Proposed



A. Advisory Council

Advisory council is created as the body that provide the governing council member advice and recommendation for the WCSF, assurance and implementation process. It may comprise with the members from different sectors like Farming, Processing Industries, NGOs, Statutory regulatory member, Agricultural colleges, Member of the press, Surveyors and analytical agencies and member of WCSF governing council.

B. Governing Council

SEA (Solvent Extractors' Association of India) will form the Governing Council from the members of the WCSF. The President, Executive Director, Chairman and Co-chairman of the Castor Development Council and the Convener of the Sustainability project will be the permanent members of the governing council. Other 6 members will be elected to form the Governing Council. Governing council is the ultimate decision-making body for all actions, including development, membership, certification and managing the stakeholders.

C. Executive Council

Executive council has been created as the representative body for the WCSF. Governing Council selects and appoints Executive Council. Executive Council is responsible to manage the program, train and monitor its implementation by Internal Control System.

D. Type of Membership

- i. Primary Membership
- ii. Partner Membership



Supporters of World Castor Sustainability Forum (WCSF)



India					
Adani Wilmar Ltd.	Geo Chem Laboratories Pvt. Ltd.				
N.K.Proteins Pvt. Ltd.	Castorchem Private Limited.				
Jayant Agro Organics Ltd.	Oswal Agrimpex				
Gokul Agro Resources Ltd.	Rajgor Proteins Ltd.				
Gokul Agri International Ltd.	Shree Umiya Agro Solvex Pvt. Ltd.				
Royal Castor Products Ltd.	Hemee International Pvt. Ltd.				
Castorgirnar Industries Pvt. Ltd.	Modi Oil Mill				
Shivam Agro	Mavji Haribhai Oil Cake Industries				
Kisan Agro Product Inddustries.	Jaksh Castor Products Pvt. Ltd.				
Shivam Agroprocess Pvt. Ltd.	J. R. Agro Industries Pvt. Ltd.				
R.P.K. Agrotech Exports P.Ltd.	Kandla Agro And Chemicals Pvt. Ltd.				
Dr. Amin Controllers Pvt. Ltd.	Amee Castor				
International					
Kusumoto Chemicals Ltd., Japan	Hampshire Commodities Ltd., U.K.				
Hengshui Jinghua Chemicals Pvt. Ltd., China	ACME Hardesty Company, USA				
Thai Castor Industry Co. Ltd.,Thailand	Innoleo LLC, USA				
Biosynthetic Technologies, USA	Wilmar (China) Oleo Co. Ltd., China				
Tianxing Biotechnology Co. Ltd.,China	And Many More !!				



Progress So Far



- For the purpose of sustainable castor code a subsidiary company of SEA viz "World Castor Sustainability Forum" under section 8 of Companies Act 2013 is registered. AoA under preparation. Draft Standards for Producer and Supply chain Custody established, open for discussion with stakeholders and adoption. ☐ Draft Bye-laws framed, open for discussion with stakeholders and adoption Website of WCFS under construction. stakeholder's feedback. Email: sustainablecastor@gmail.com
 - Membership will open from 1st April, 2024



Join the SEA's World Castor Sustainability Forum



We invite the Stakeholders to support and join SEA's WCSF As

Primary Member or Partner Member

and earn

Stakeholder's Sustainability Certificates

As well as

Adopt the WCSF Standards for Better Tomorrow







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